



**Omni-Lite Industries Canada Inc.**  
**Management Discussion and Analysis**  
**For the year ended December 31, 2025**

The Management Discussion and Analysis (“MD&A”) of financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and the related notes of Omni-Lite Industries Canada Inc. for the twelve months ended December 31, 2025. Omni-Lite Industries Canada Inc. (“Omni-Lite” or the “Company”) reports its financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”), as issued by the IASB. The Company’s functional currency is in United States (“U.S.”) dollars and all amounts in this MD&A are expressed in U.S. dollars. This discussion has been completed as of April 28, 2026.

Non-IFRS measures - certain supplementary measures in this MD&A do not have any standardized meaning as prescribed under IFRS and therefore are considered non-IFRS measures. These measures are described and presented in order to provide shareholders and potential investors with additional information regarding the Corporation’s financial results, liquidity and its ability to generate funds to finance its operations. These measures are identified and presented, where appropriate, together with reconciliations to the equivalent IFRS measure. However, they should not be used as an alternative to IFRS because they may not be consistent with calculations of other companies.

### **Company Overview**

Omni-Lite is managed as a single business by its chief operating decision-makers. The Company operates three business segments, defined as forged, electronic and investment casting components. Through its wholly owned subsidiaries which include Omni-Lite Industries California Inc., Monzite Corporation, Impellimax Inc., Designed Precision Castings, Inc. (“DP Cast”), and Electronic Components (“EComp”), the Company designs, engineers, manufactures, and markets specialized components to a broad spectrum of Fortune 500 customers. Its components are utilized in the products for Boeing, Airbus, Bombardier, Chrysler, Ford, L3Harris Technologies, Lockheed Martin, Raytheon, Pratt and Whitney, the U.S. military, Nike, and Adidas. The requirements and stature of these customers necessitate that the Company operates at a very high level of engineering and production efficiency.

Omni-Lite Industries Canada Inc. is a recognized precision manufacturer of forged investment casting and electronic components with a core mission of utilizing material science research and development for mission critical applications. The Company’s specialized, computer-controlled hot and cold forging systems combined with its design and materials science expertise have enabled us to solve our customers’ extremely challenging product application needs. In addition, we have the range of equipment and production capacity necessary to respond to a wide range of complex high-volume requirements.

To drive future growth, Omni-Lite is committed to funding the research and development of new products and materials and to apply for patents to protect the intellectual property that pertains to its business. To date, the Company has been granted ten (10) U.S. patents covering innovations in materials, processes, and design.

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**Selected Consolidated Financial Information**

*All figures are in US dollars except as noted.*

**Summary of Financial Highlights**

	<b>For the year ended December 31, 2025</b>	For the year ended December 31, 2024
Revenue	<b>\$14,924,064</b>	\$15,875,960
Adjusted EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup>	<b>890,151</b>	1,540,433
Net income	<b>118,179</b>	614,526
Diluted EPS	<b>\$ 0.01</b>	\$ 0.03
Diluted weighted average shares outstanding	<b>16,267,914</b>	17,892,564
Free cash flow <sup>(1)</sup>	<b>1,077,390</b>	1,844,459
Total assets	<b>20,959,826</b>	23,402,906

**Results from Operations for the Year Ended December 31, 2025**

Revenue

For the year ended December 31, 2025, Omni-Lite reported revenue of \$14,924,064, as compared to \$15,875,960 in the year ended December 31, 2024, a decrease of \$951,896 or 6%. The decrease in revenue was comprised of a decrease in electronic components, partially offset with an increased demand for aerospace fasteners.

Cost of Goods Sold

For the year ended December 31, 2025, cost of goods sold (“COGS”) was \$12,140,631 as compared to \$12,924,890 in the year ended December 31, 2024, or a decrease of \$784,259 or 6%. The decrease was due principally to a decrease in sales, which resulted in lower material costs and lower labor costs. COGS in the year ended December 31, 2025, included non-cash depreciation expense, including lease depreciation, of \$1,105,135 as compared to \$1,126,955 in the year ended December 31, 2024.

Overhead Expenses

Overhead expenses for the year ended December 31, 2025, were \$1,841,802 as compared to \$1,447,965 for the year ended December 31, 2024, an increase of \$393,837 or 27%, which was primarily attributed to the addition of the EComp in April 2025.

Research and Product Design (“R&D”) Expense:

For the year ended December 31, 2025, R&D expense was \$341,286 as compared to \$317,063 in the year ended December 31, 2024. The increase was due to new product lines in both forging and casting families.

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Other Income/Expense:

Interest income was \$14,208 in the year ended December 31, 2025, compared with \$57,539 in the year ended December 31, 2024. In the year ending December 31, 2025, other income was \$44,577. In the year ending December 31, 2024, other income of \$299,464 includes payments from California Nanotechnologies Corporations (“Cal Nano”) towards a previously written off loan. Interest expense was non-cash interest expense associated with IFRS 16 lease accounting was \$488,129 in the year ended December 31, 2025, as compared with \$509,815 in the year ended December 31, 2024.

The Company has approximately \$572,165 of goodwill, which is allocated \$407,170 to the Monzite CGU and \$164,995 to the EComp CGU. The Company performed its impairment test at December 31, 2025, and the recoverable amount of the Monzite CGU was determined based on a VIU calculation using the following key assumptions:

- 5-year cash flow projections expected to be generated based on historical performance, financial forecasts, and growth expectations. Cash flows beyond 3 years used a terminal growth rate of 2%.
- Forecasted revenue at an average growth rate of 15%.
- Average forecasted EBITDA margin of 34%; and,
- Cash flows were discounted at an after-tax discount rate of 17% based on the Company’s weight average cost of capital and risks specific to the particular CGU.

As a result of the impairment test performed, the recoverable amount exceeds the carrying amount and therefore, did not result in an impairment. The most sensitive inputs to the model are the forecasted EBITDA and the discount rate. All else being equal, a 1% increase in the discount rate would not result in impairment; and a 1% decrease in the average forecasted EBITDA would not result in impairment.

The Company performed its impairment test at December 31, 2025, and the recoverable amount of the Electronic Component CGU was determined using a VIU calculation using the following key assumptions:

- 5-year cash flow projections expected to be generated based on historical performance, financial forecasts, and growth expectations. Cash flows beyond 3 years used a terminal growth rate of 2%.
- Forecasted revenue at an average growth rate of 5%.
- Average forecasted EBITDA margin of 10%; and,
- Cash flows were discounted at an after-tax discount rate of 17% based on the Company’s weight average cost of capital and risks specific to the particular CGU.

As a result of the impairment test performed, the recoverable amount exceeds the carrying amount and therefore, did not result in an impairment. The most sensitive inputs to the model are the forecasted EBITDA and the discount rate. All else being equal, a 1% increase in the discount rate would not result in impairment; and a 1% decrease in the average forecasted EBITDA would not result in impairment.

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Income Tax Provision:

The income tax provision in the year ended December 31, 2025, was \$52,822 as compared to \$418,704 in the year ended December 31, 2024. The expense in 2024 was related to net income positive in US locations. The gain was partially sheltered by deferred tax losses associated with net operating loss carryforward amounts.

Net Income:

Net income for the year ended December 31, 2025, was \$118,179 as compared to a net income of \$614,526 in the year ended December 31, 2024.

Income/(Loss) Per Share:

Basic income/loss per share was \$0.01 in the year ended December 31, 2025, as compared to \$0.04 in the year ended December 31, 2024, based on the weighted average shares outstanding of 15,477,564 in 2025 and 2024, respectively.

The basic earnings per common share is calculated using net income divided by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding. The diluted earnings per common share is calculated using net income divided by the weighted-average number of diluted common shares outstanding, as adjusted with the treasury stock method. 16,267,914 (2024 - 17,892,564), is calculated from 15,477,564 (2024 - 15,477,564) and adding in 440,000 options and 350,350 warrants (2024 – 1,015,000 options and 1,400,000 warrants) were included in calculating the weighted-average number of diluted common shares outstanding for the twelve months ended December 31, 2025, and 2024. 192,150 and 1,200,000 warrants, respectively, were excluded in calculating the weighted-average number of diluted common shares outstanding, because the warrants are issued at a higher price than current stock price therefore any exercise would be anti-dilutive.

Basic earnings per common share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the year. Diluted per share amounts reflect the potential dilution that could occur if options and warrants to issue common shares were exercised. The treasury stock method is used to determine the dilutive effect of stock options and other dilutive instruments, in accordance with standards approved by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants.

**Quarterly Information**

The following table summarizes the Company's financial performance over the last eight fiscal quarters. *All figures are in US dollars except as noted.*

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	<b>Dec 31, 2025</b>	Sept 30, 2025	Jun 30, 2025	Mar 31, 2025	Dec 31, 2024	Sept 30, 2024	Jun 30, 2024	Mar 31, 2024
Revenue	<b>\$4,116,961</b>	\$4,041,121	\$3,458,688	\$3,307,294	\$3,490,835	\$3,778,058	\$4,321,438	\$4,285,629
Adjusted EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup>	<b>61,335</b>	325,717	95,257	407,842	(82,889)	187,318	552,474	883,530
Net Income (Loss)	<b>178,616</b>	(2,659)	(166,284)	108,506	20,761	(107,463)	285,963	415,265
EPS (Loss) – Basic	<b>\$0.02</b>	\$(0.00)	\$(0.01)	\$0.01	\$0.01	\$(0.01)	\$0.02	\$0.03
Free Cash Flow <sup>(1)</sup>	<b>450,710</b>	115,665	170,411	340,504	248,198	635,636	848,255	112,370

As Omni-Lite’s management measures the performance of the Company by the metrics, among others, Adjusted EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup> and Free Cash Flow <sup>(1)</sup>,

(1) Adjusted EBITDA is a non-IFRS financial measure defined as earnings before interest income, interest expense, taxes, depreciation, amortization, stock-based compensation, and non-recurring items, if any. Free Cash Flow is a non-IFRS financial measure defined as cash flow from operations minus capital expenditures. Free Cash Flow is a non-IFRS financial measure defined as Free Cash Flow excluding, if any, non-recurring items. These are non-IFRS financial measures, as defined herein, and should be read in conjunction with IFRS financial measures. The non-IFRS financial measures as used herein may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies. We believe the use of Adjusted EBITDA, and Free Cash Flow along with IFRS financial measures enhances the understanding of our operating results and may be useful to investors in comparing our operating performance with that of other companies and estimating our enterprise value. Adjusted EBITDA is also a useful tool in evaluating the operating results of the Company given the significant variation that can result from, for example, the timing of capital expenditures and the amount of working capital in support of our customer programs and contracts. We use Adjusted EBITDA, and Free Cash Flow internally to evaluate the operating performance of the Company, to allocate resources and capital, and to evaluate future growth opportunities.

The components of Free Cash Flow <sup>(1)</sup> for the year ended December 31 are as follows:

	<b>For the year ended December 31, 2025</b>	For the year ended December 31, 2024
Cash flow from operating activities	<b>\$ 1,132,685</b>	\$ 1,956,600
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	<b>(55,295)</b>	(112,141)
Free Cash Flow	<b>\$ 1,077,390</b>	\$ 1,844,459

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**Liquidity and Capital Resources**

The following table summarizes the Company's cash flows by activity and cash on hand:

	<b>For the year ended December 31, 2025</b>	For the year ended December 31, 2024
Net cash (used) provided by operating activities	<b>\$ 1,132,685</b>	\$ 1,956,600
Net cash provided from financing activities	<b>(868,935)</b>	8,785
Net cash used in investing activities	<b>(327,523)</b>	(71,386)
Translation gain (loss)	<b>(88,185)</b>	(10,492)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash	<b>\$ (151,958)</b>	\$ 1,883,507
Cash at the beginning of the period	<b>\$ 2,991,536</b>	\$ 1,108,029
Cash at the end of the period	<b>\$ 2,839,578</b>	\$ 2,991,536

Cash Flows from Operations

For the year ended December 31, 2025, cash flow from operations was a source of \$1,132,685 as compared to a source of \$1,956,600 in the year ended December 31, 2024. Net income for the year ended December 31, 2025, after non-cash items was \$1,977,762 as compared to \$2,282,790 in the year ended December 31, 2024.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

Cash used by financing activities was \$868,935 in the year ended December 31, 2025, as compared to a source of cash of approximately \$8,785 for the year ended December 31, 2024. In the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company made \$868,835 in payments under its operating lease agreements. In the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company made \$843,553 in payments under operating lease agreements and received payments from CalNano for \$852,338.

Cash Flow from Investing Activities

In the year ended December 31, 2025, \$327,523 was a use for investing activities, as compared to a use of \$71,386 in the year ending December 31, 2024. In the year ended December 31, 2025, cash used for investing was for the purchase of process improvement manufacturing equipment of \$55,295 and \$272,228 to purchase EComp. In the year ended December 31, 2024, all cash used for investing was for purchase of process improvement manufacturing equipment. The Company's lease liabilities are as follows:

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	<b>December 31, 2025</b>	December 31, 2024
Opening Balance January 1	\$ 5,526,224	\$ 5,983,343
Payments	(868,935)	(867,093)
Interest	488,129	509,815
Currency translation	(5,658)	(99,841)
Lease liability end of year	\$ 5,139,760	\$ 5,526,224
Less current portion	(370,626)	(395,264)
Long-term portion	\$ 4,769,134	\$ 5,130,960

The incremental borrowing rate used to calculate the lease liabilities was 9%. All of the above leases were entered into or renewed in 2021. Additionally, the Company is responsible for all building operating costs including real estate taxes and insurance. The total of these costs included in the consolidated financial statements are \$256,800 (2024 - \$270,552) which are recorded in selling, general and administrative expenses.

The discount rate applied to these leases is 9%. All of the above leases were entered into or renewed in 2021.

### Transactions with Related Parties and balances

The Company had the following related party transactions and balances not disclosed elsewhere in these condensed consolidated financial statements:

- During the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company had the following related party transactions and balances.

The Company's Designed Precision Castings subsidiary leases a facility from Candeco Realty Limited, a company in which one of the Company's directors, Jan Holland, is its Chairman and CEO and a 20% shareholder. During the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company made lease-related payments of \$255,613 (2024 - \$260,732) in respect of this arrangement. As of December 31, 2025, amounts of remaining lease obligations to this related party totaled \$1,212,250 (2024 - \$1,295,175). The transaction was undertaken in the normal course of business.

During the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company paid financial advisory fee of \$20,000 (2024 - \$nil) to Cypress Partners LLC, a firm at which a Director of the Company, Charles Samkoff, is a Managing Director of such firm.

- As of December 31, 2023, the Company had a loan receivable from CalNano including accrued interest in the amount of \$852,338, which was due on May 30, 2025. CalNano paid this loan off in full as of December 31, 2024.

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On March 31, 2020, the bank called CalNano's line of credit of \$250,000, which was guaranteed by the Company. Omni-Lite repaid this amount on their behalf and has a loan receivable with interest at the prime rate plus 1% from California Nanotechnologies Corp., which had been fully reserved. As of December 31, 2024, CalNano paid this loan off.

The table below provides information relative to the Company's significant subsidiaries, including each such entity's name, its jurisdiction of incorporation/formation, the percentage of securities directly or indirectly owned by the Company, a brief description of the entity, and the market areas served, if applicable. The functional currency of each entity is U.S. Dollars.

Company (Jurisdiction of Incorporation/ Formation)	Percentage of ownership by Omni-Lite Industries Canada, Inc.	Overview	Functional Currency
Omni-Lite Industries California, Inc. (California, USA)	100%	Wholly owned subsidiary of Omni-Lite Industries Canada, Inc., which was formed and incorporated on October 4, 1985. It is the head office which conducts research and development, and production operations.	United States
Monzite Corporation (New Hampshire, USA)	100%	Wholly owned subsidiary of Omni-Lite Industries Canada, Inc., which was acquired on September 21, 2018. It is a holding company for Impellimax, Inc.	United States
Impellimax, Inc. (New Hampshire, USA)	100%	Wholly owned subsidiary of Monzite Corporation, which was acquired on September 21, 2018. It designs, manufactures, and contract manufactures electronic subcomponents.	United States
Electronic Components Inc.	100%	Wholly owned subsidiary of Monzite Corporation, which was acquired on April 23, 2025.	United States
Designed Precision Castings Inc. (Ontario, Canada)	100%	Indirectly owned subsidiary of Omni-Lite Industries Canada Inc. which was acquired on December 20, 2021. It designs, and contract manufactures investment castings.	Canada
Marvel Acquisition Co. Ltd. (Ontario, Canada)	100%	Wholly owned subsidiary of Omni-Lite Industries Canada Inc., which is a holding company, and sole shareholder of Designed Precision Castings, Inc.	Canada

### Outstanding Share Capital

As of December 31, 2025:

- 15,447,564 Common Shares were issued and outstanding
- 440,000 Share Options outstanding – 440,000 exercisable
- 542,500 Warrants outstanding – 542,500 exercisable

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### Capital Disclosures

The objective for managing the Company's capital structure is to ensure that the Company has the financial capacity, liquidity, and flexibility to fund expansion projects and product development efforts. The capital structure of the Company consists of cash and equity comprised of issued capital, contributed surplus and retained earnings. The Company generally relies on working capital cash, operating cash flows and its revolving line of credit to fund the expansion and product development. The Company's financing needs depend on the timing of expected net cash flows from new products and sales of current products. This requires the Company to maintain financial flexibility and liquidity. The Company's capital management policies are aimed at, maintaining an appropriate balance between short-term borrowings, long-term debt, and shareholder's equity, maintaining sufficient undrawn committed credit capacity to provide liquidity, ensuring ample covenant room to draw credit lines as required and ensuring the Company maintains a credit rating that is appropriated for their circumstances. The Company monitors the leverage in its capital structure by reviewing the ratio of net debt to cash flow from operating activities and interest coverage ratios.

### Segment Information

In September 1997, Omni-Lite Industries Canada Inc. was established by the amalgamation of Omni-Lite Industries Inc. and Omni-Lite Industries Corp., which were both incorporated in Calgary, Alberta. The Company's production and sales activities are located in Cerritos, California in the heart of Southern California's aerospace industry which facilitates access to customers, specialized equipment, materials, and workforce. On September 21, 2018, Omni-Lite acquired its wholly-owned subsidiary, Monzite, a private company based in Nashua, New Hampshire. Monzite manufactures multi-chip microelectronic components for aerospace, defense, industrial and medical applications. In December 2021, the Company acquired DP Cast, a private company based in Brampton, Ontario. DP Cast is a prominent investment castings manufacturer and marketer of highly engineered, high-performance, hardware and structural components for aerospace, defense, industrial and energy applications. Revenue and net (loss) income by geographic region are as follows:

	<b>United States</b>	<b>Canada</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>For the year ended December 31, 2025</b>			
<b>Revenue</b>	\$ 10,857,057	\$ 4,067,007	\$ 14,924,064
<b>Net income/(loss)</b>	505,619	(387,440)	118,179
<b>Non-current assets</b>	7,832,500	2,634,572	10,467,072
<b>Liabilities</b>	4,680,747	1,734,490	6,415,237
<b>For the year ended December 31, 2024</b>			
Revenue	\$ 11,557,412	\$ 4,318,548	\$ 15,875,960
Net income/(loss)	1,091,264	(476,738)	614,526
Non-current assets	6,756,342	6,687,393	13,443,736
Liabilities	4,918,922	1,827,958	6,746,880

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**Financial Instruments**

The financial instruments of the Company consist of cash, accounts receivable, investment, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and bank indebtedness.

	December 31, 2025		December 31, 2024	
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Cash	\$ 2,839,578	\$ 2,839,578	\$ 2,991,536	\$ 2,991,536
<b>At FVOCI</b>				
Investment	\$ 1,702,252	\$ 1,702,252	\$ 3,978,749	\$ 3,978,749
<b>At Amortized cost</b>				
Accounts receivable	\$ 2,954,184	\$ 2,954,184	\$ 2,474,166	\$ 2,474,166
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,071,686	\$ 1,071,698	\$ 999,231	\$ 999,231

The table below sets out fair value measurements using the fair value hierarchy.

	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<b>Assets</b>				
Cash	\$ 2,839,578	\$ 2,839,578	\$ -	\$ -
Investment	1,702,252	1,702,252		

There have been no transfers during the period between Levels 1 and 2. The carrying values of accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and finance guarantee liability approximate their fair value due to their short-term nature.

The carrying value of the Company's due from related parties approximate their fair values due to the amounts being due on demand, and the carrying value of bank indebtedness approximates fair value due to a market rate of interest being charged.

The Company holds various forms of financial instruments. The nature of these instruments and the Company's operations exposes the Company to various risks. The Company manages its exposure to these risks by operating in a manner that minimizes its exposure to the extent practical. The Company does not use off statement of financial position contracts to manage these risks.

The carrying values of bank indebtedness approximate its fair value due to the market rate of interest applied.

The current ratio defined as the current assets divided by current liabilities at December 31, 2025, was 7.0, as compared to 6.2 at December 31, 2024.

## **Asset Protection**

As Omni-Lite's revenues increase, the Company becomes subject to increasing interest from corporations that would like to imitate the successes that have been achieved. The Company has and will continue to aggressively protect itself through a variety of means that include:

- Patent and trademark protection – The Company protects novel ideas and processes developed at Omni-Lite by filing with the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office.
- Confidentiality agreements – These agreements prevent employees and third parties from sharing any information considered proprietary with unauthorized individuals or companies.

Omni-Lite has received ten (10) patents.

## **Risk Factors**

### Capability to Deliver Results

Omni-Lite's results are dependent on a number of factors including customer demand, market cycle, the Company's continued success in materials and production methods, foreign exchange rates, effective marketing, retention of management and operational expertise, and continued access to the financial markets.

### Economic Factors

The Company's business and operating performance is subject to economic forces beyond its control, such as changes in consumer preferences, spending patterns, government fiscal budget and appropriations and general economic conditions.

### Business Risk Factors

Other risks include those recognized by companies within the manufacturing sector and include:

1. Market Cycle – The Company's revenues are dependent on industries such as the aerospace, defense, and specialty automotive and sports and recreational sectors that may experience cyclical changes in demand. The Company minimizes its risk by diversifying its customer base.
2. Technology – Improvements in materials and processing methods developed by others, which Omni-Lite does not adopt or license may provide other companies with a greater competitive position. Omni-Lite strives to remain at the forefront of material science and progressive forging by continuing to invest in research and development. As part of this strategy, Omni-Lite was the co-founder and remains a significant shareholder of California Nanotechnologies Corp. ("CNO"). CNO was established to undertake advanced nanotechnology and related material science research and to lead in future scientific and commercialization programs.

**Risk Factors - continued**

3. Revenue Growth – The Company’s revenue may not grow at the same rate as historically shown and there may not be suitable projects and programs identified for the Company to undertake.
4. Raw Material Costs – Supply and demand dictates the price of the raw materials utilized by Omni-Lite. Certain raw materials can only be obtained from a few suppliers. Delays or increased costs may be associated with obtaining these raw materials. Material costs are managed by ordering economical lot sizes but may increase if supplies become limited.
5. Customer Supplied Material – Certain customers provide their own raw material. Delays may result if the customer’s raw material is not supplied on a timely basis to the Company.
6. Employee Costs – The cost of labor may increase, as competition for qualified employees in the Southern California and New England areas is generally strong. Labor costs are managed by including employees in the stock option and bonus plan and by increasing efficiency through advanced technology.
7. Key Personnel – The success of the Company and its ability to continue to carry on operations is dependent upon its ability to retain the services of certain key employees and members of its board of directors. The loss of their services to the Company may have a materially adverse effect on the Company. The Company has a stock option plan for directors, management, and employees as a method of attraction, motivation and retention of key personnel.
8. Quality Issues – Quality issues by us or our suppliers could result in shipping delays. The Company is AS 9100 and ISO 9001:2015 certified.
9. Manufacturing Facilities – If the Company suffered a loss to its manufacturing facilities due to catastrophe, its operations could be adversely impacted. The Company’s facilities are subject to catastrophic loss due to fire, flood, terrorism or other, natural or man-made disasters. In particular, due to its locations, the facilities could be subject to a severe loss caused by earthquake or other natural disasters.
10. Development Efforts – Many of the Company’s products are complex and require long development times before entering the production phase. Typical lead times may range from four months to eighteen months depending on the complexity of the component. The long lead-time may delay the profitability of the project.
11. Political Turmoil – The Company’s business dealings are international. Changes in governments or policies including tariffs may cause delays or restrictions that may affect the operating results.
12. Taxation Matters – As any Company, at times, certain tax strategies could be challenged by local taxation authorities. Until the time frame for reassessment has been statute barred or

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**Risk Factors - continued**

the taxation authorities have reviewed and not objected to the tax filings, there is always the possibility that a reassessment can occur.

13. Inability to Obtain Adequate Financing – At times, the Company’s growth strategy and working capital needs may require it to borrow funds from lending institutions. If it is unable to obtain adequate financing, it may not be able to fund its operations.
14. Foreign Currency Risk – The Company has foreign currency exposure through its Designed Precision Casting, Inc subsidiary which has a functional currency of Canadian dollars. The Company manages its foreign currency risk through natural hedges of its current asset and current liability positions where possible.
15. Other Price Risk – The Company has financial instruments that may fluctuate in value as a result of changes in market price. The Company has an investment in common shares of CNO. This investment is recorded on the consolidated statements of financial position at fair value as of the statement of financial position date with changes from the prior period’s fair value reported in other comprehensive income. A 1% change in the price of the investment would have an impact of \$17,032 annually. (December 31, 2024 - \$39,787).
16. Liquidity Risk – At December 31, 2025, the Company had no borrowings and \$2,839,578 of cash in the bank.

The following table provides an analysis of the financial liabilities based on the remaining terms of the liabilities as at:

	≤ 1 year	> 1 year ≤ 3 years	> 3 years ≤ 4 years	> 5 years	Total
<b>December 31, 2025</b>					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,071,698	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,071,698
<b>December 31, 2024</b>					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 999,231	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 999,231

17. Credit Risk – The Company manages credit risk over cash by maintaining its bank accounts with large financial institutions. The Company manages credit risk over accounts receivable by dealing with financially sound customers, based on an evaluation of the customer’s financial condition. For the year ended December 31, 2025, the Company had one customer who each accounted for in excess of 10% of revenue for approximately \$3,660,278 or 24% of sales (December 31, 2024, one customer totaling \$2,963,000 or 19% of sales). The maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying value of cash, accounts receivable, and due from related

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**18. Risk Factors – continued**

parties. The table below provides an analysis of the age of accounts receivable from invoice date, which are not considered impaired.

The maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying value of cash, accounts receivable, and due from related parties. The table below provides an analysis of the aging of our past due accounts receivables which are not considered impaired.

	Total	≤ 30 days	> 30 days ≤ 60 days	> 60 days ≤ 90 days	> 90 days
December 31, 2025	\$ 2,954,184	\$ 2,075,780	\$ 578,325	\$ 259,708	\$ 40,371
December 31, 2024	\$ 2,474,166	\$ 1,746,374	\$ 431,784	\$ 118,156	\$ 177,852

19. Risk Related to Tariffs- The Company imports raw materials both into and from U.S/Canada as well as sells parts from Canada into the U.S. with the changes to the current economic conditions we could be faced with increased tariffs on both import and/or exports of goods.

**Board of Directors**

The Company currently has six directors.

**Forward-Looking Statements**

In the interest of providing Omni-Lite shareholders and potential investors with information regarding the Company and its subsidiaries, including Management’s assessment of Omni-Lite’s future plans and operations, certain statements contained in this document constitute forward-looking statements or information (collectively referred to herein as “forward-looking statements”) within the meaning of the “safe harbor” provisions of applicable securities legislation. Forward-looking statements are typically identified by words such as “anticipate”, “believe”, “expect”, “plan”, “intend”, “forecast”, “target”, “project” or similar words suggesting future outcomes or statements regarding an outlook. Forward-looking statements in this document include, but are not limited to, statements with respect to: projections relating to the adequacy of the Company’s provision for taxes; the potential impact of implementation of Vision 2020 on Omni-Lite’s financial condition and projected capital investment. Although these “forward-looking” statements are based on currently available competitive, financial, and economic data and operating plans, they are subject to risks and uncertainties. In addition to general global events outside the Company’s control, there are factors which could cause actual results, performance, or achievements to vary from those expressed or inferred herein including risks associated with an investment in the common shares of the Company and the risks related to the Company’s business. Risk factors are discussed in greater detail in the section on “Risk Factors” previously in this MD&A. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, as there can be no assurance that the plans, intentions, or expectations upon which they are based will occur. By

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their nature, forward-looking statements involve numerous assumptions, known and unknown risks and uncertainties, both general and specific, that contribute to the possibility that the predictions, forecasts, projections and other forward-looking statements will not occur, which may cause the Company's actual performance and financial results in future periods to differ materially from any estimates or projections of future performance or results expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Furthermore, the forward-looking statements contained in this document are made as of the date of this document, and except as required by law Omni-Lite does not undertake any obligation to update publicly or to revise any of the included forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. The forward-looking statements contained in this document are expressly qualified by this cautionary statement.

**Intention of Management's Discussion and Analysis**

This MD&A is intended to provide an explanation of financial and operational performance compared with prior periods and the Company's prospects and plans. It provides additional information that is not contained in the Company's consolidated financial statements.

**Additional Omni-Lite Documents are Filed with Canadian Regulatory Agencies**

Further information regarding Omni-Lite Industries Canada Inc. can be accessed under the Company's public filings found at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com) and on the Company's website [www.omni-lite.com](http://www.omni-lite.com).